**Unit 1: A VISIT FROM A PEN PAL**

**I. LISTEN: listen to the CD (Text books) and decide whether the statements are True or False. (1.0 pt)**

A.1. If they go through the parking lot, they can catch a bus on Ocean Drive.

2.There are trees and flowers and a lake in the middle.

3. They want to catch the bus with the number 103.

4. Carlo loves American food.

B.1. This was the first meeting between Maryam and Lan in Malaysia.

2. Maryam was impressed because Ha Noi people were friendly.

3. They didn’t go to see a place of worship.

4. Maryam wanted to invite Lan to Kuala Lumpur.

**II. MULTIPLE CHOICE: (1.5 pts)**

1. Malaysia is divided \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_2 regions

 A. to B. on C. in D. into

2. Maryam was really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the beauty of Ha Noi.

 A. impressed B. impress C. impression D. impressive

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Kuala Lumpur, Ha Noi is a busy modern city

 A. As B. Such as C. Like D. Similar

4. Long ago people used to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the sun, the stars and the moon.

 A. hate B. worship C. love D. dislike

5. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_his name.

 A. knew B. know C. will know D. would know

6. Minh’s father often takes him \_\_\_\_\_\_ the park every summer.

 A. on B. to C. in D. after

7. Lan \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the peaceful atmosphere while Maryam was praying.

 A. enjoying B. has enjoyed C. enjoyed D. enjoy

9. The United States has a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of around 250 million.

 A. population B. separation C. addition D. introduction

10. Vietnamese people are very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

 A. friend B. friendless C. friendly D. friendship

11. We were having dinner \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the telephone rang.

 A. when B. while C. until D. since

12. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_call you as soon as I come back home.

 A. have B. will C. am D. is going

13. Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the door?

 A. open B. opened C. opening D. to open

14. That teacher is a (n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ one. His pupils like his sense of humor.

 A. amusing B. amused C. amusement D. self- amused

15. The children are playing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the schoolyard.

 A. happy B. happiness C. happier D. happily

16. Mrs. White is very\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She goes to church everyday.

 A. religion B. regional C. religious D. region

17. What’s the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of Malaysia? Is it the ringgit?

 A. currency B. money C. unit D. money symbol

18. The living room and the dining room are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_by a short wall where there are many decorative plants.

 A. broken B. divide C. parted D. separated

19. “Excuse me; can I book a ticket for Paris?” “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 A. Hurry up B. Thank you C. Never mind D. Certainly

20. “So how are things at school, Tim?” “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

 A. Oh, pretty good, actually. B. Well, I can’t agree with you.

 C. It’s my pleasure. D. I was not very good at it

**III. CAUTION SIGNS – WARNINGS (0.5 pt)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **S8257_3.jpg1) What does the sign say?** | 1. No jumping
2. No chasing
3. No pushing
4. No running
 |
| **chỉ mục.png2) What does the sign say?** | A. No high heels B. No expensive shoesC. No worn-out shoesD. No open footwear |
| **https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/f/f7/Vienna_Convention_road_sign_C3j-V2-1.svg/100px-Vienna_Convention_road_sign_C3j-V2-1.svg.png3) What does the sign say?** | 1. People are working here
2. Safe road

C. No animal-drawn vehiclesD. No humans or animals |
| **https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/7/72/Vienna_Convention_road_sign_C3e-V2-1.svg/100px-Vienna_Convention_road_sign_C3e-V2-1.svg.png 4) What does the sign say?** | 1. No goods vehicles
2. No motorcycles

C. No agricultural vehiclesD. No motor vehicles |
| **100px-Vienna_Convention_road_sign_C3l-V2-1.svg.png 5) What does the sign say?** | 1. No goods vehicles
2. No cyclists
3. No trains
4. No agricultural vehicles
 |
| **https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/d/db/Vienna_Convention_road_sign_C7-V1.svg/100px-Vienna_Convention_road_sign_C7-V1.svg.png6) What does the sign say?** | 1. Maximum length limit
2. Maximum width limit
3. Maximum weight limit
4. Maximum height limit
 |
| **https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/8/8e/Vienna_Convention_road_sign_Aa-5-V3.svg/100px-Vienna_Convention_road_sign_Aa-5-V3.svg.png7) What does the sign say?** | 1. Roadworks
2. Traffic signals ahead
3. Swing bridge ahead
4. Slippery road
 |
| **https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/c/c0/Vienna_Convention_road_sign_Aa-24-V1-3.svg/100px-Vienna_Convention_road_sign_Aa-24-V1-3.svg.png8) What does the sign say?** | 1. Other danger
2. Traffic queues
3. Human queues
4. Stop ahead
 |
| **9) What does the sign say?****S8418_7.jpg** | 1. Other danger
2. Free water
3. Don’t touch the glass
4. Don’t drink water
 |
| **9) What does the sign say?****depositphotos_12074962-stock-photo-sign-no-talking.jpg** | A. No smartphone useB. No textingC. No talkingD. No dialing |
| **10) What does the sign say?****S9452_6.jpg** | A. [Alcohol](http://sea.lib.niu.edu/easttimor) is allowed in this areaB. [Get](http://sea.lib.niu.edu/laos) free alcohol in this areaC. [Alcohol](http://sea.lib.niu.edu/thailand) is disallowed in this areaD. Buy recyclable bottles in this area |
| **chỉ mục.png11) Which country is this?** | 1. Malaysia
2. Indonesia
3. The Philippines
4. Singapore
 |
| **12) Which country is this?****flag.jpg** | A. MalaysiaB. IndonesiaC. The PhilippinesD. Singapore |
| **13) What does the sign say?****F2639.png** | A. No touchingB. No paperC. No litteringD. No picking |
| **14) What does the sign say?****500_F_181677369_JKXKWbe3dWB47xU6k6oN1UsMYIdbx5T6.jpg** | A. No giving flowersB. No cutting grassC. No littering D. No picking flowers |
| **15) What does the sign say?****77811920-please-keep-of-the-grass-sign.jpg** | A. No shoesB. No barefoot C. Don’t touch the flowersD. Keep off the grass |

**IV. CLOZE TEXT. (1.5pts)**

Malaysia is a country in Southeast Asia. It borders Thailand and is surrounded by the sea. Malaysia became an independent nation in 1963 after (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Great Britain for many years. It has a very strong economy that (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tourism and trade.

(3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ its location in the South Pacific ocean, the (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Malaysia is tropical. This means that is very hot and humid. Also, the temperature does not change much throughout the year. Malaysia’s [general](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/general) [weather](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/weather) [conditions](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/conditions) make (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a wonderful place for many plants and animals to live. In fact, Malaysia is one of the world's most diverse ecosystems.
In 2001, Malaysia was ranked as one of the top 12 diverse countries in the world in terms of biology (plants and animals). It is believed that over 170,000 different kinds of plants and animals live in Malaysia. In fact, scientists think that nearly 20% of the world's animals (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Malaysia now. Malaysia is home to tigers, elephants, rhinos, turtles, and many different kinds of monkeys including Orangutans.

1. A. having ruled B. ruled C. being ruled D. ruling

2. A. composes of B. comprise C. consists D. includes

3. A. As B. In spite of C. Therefore D. Because of

4. A. weather B. climate C. temperature D. condition

5. A. it B. they C. that D. them

6. A. lives B. live C. lived D. living

Singapore is a country in Southeast Asia. Until 1965, Singapore was ruled by the United Kingdom. In 1965, they gained their (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and established their own government.

Singapore's economy is very strong in a number of different areas. (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ its large and centrally located port, import and export is an important part of Singapore's economy. "Import" means bringing items into the country and "export" means sending items out of the country. Many of the goods imported and exported are electronics and technology or are related to chemical, oil, or medical supplies.
Another area that is important to Singapore's economy is finance. Singapore is the world's (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ financial center after New York, London, and Tokyo.
Over 10,000 companies from around the world have offices in Singapore. As a result of having so many multi-national companies, nearly half of the people who work in Singapore are from other countries.
Singapore is (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for being a clean and safe country that has many interesting sites to see.
Thanks to its diverse economy, Singapore is a very wealthy nation. In fact, it is one of the top ten richest (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the world. Many people in Singapore are millionaires (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some are very poor. It is a small country, but serves as a model for other nations when looking at their own economics.

1. A. dependence B. correspondence C. free D. independence

2. A. Despite B. Due to C. Because D. In spite of

3. A. four-largest B. largest-fourth C. fourth-largest D. forth-largest

4. A. well-known B. considered C. impressed D. dangerous

5. A. nation B. continents C. countries D. provinces

6. A. so B. because C. however D. but

**V. READING COMPREHENSION (1.5 pts)**

A. Reading plays an important role in our lives. Not only is it the fastest way to reach for new information and new knowledge, but it is also useful in building maturity and widening awareness of contemporary issues. Besides, reading gave human the ability to think deeply and seek for changes, which is especially important for people in Malaysia which has the vision of becoming an advanced country in 2020. However, despite being one of the countries in South-East Asia with the highest literacy rate (93.2%), Malaysia is still far behind developed countries like Japan, United States and Britain, which have a literacy rate of 99%.

Malaysia is suffering a poor reading culture among the citizens. It was found that Malaysians are only keen on reading books that are related to their work field or of light genre. They opined that reading things that are not to their interest is a waste of time and will not contribute to self-development, in which such mindset had prevented them from reading to expand knowledge. Also, most Malaysians were not **inculcated** to read since they were young, and they are less willing to spend money to buy quality books.

1. Reaching for new information and knowledge is the only benefit we gain from reading.

2. Malaysia is the country with the highest literacy rate in the world.

3. Citizens in Malaysia love reading books which are related to their work field or of light genre.

4. Most Malaysians were taught to read since they were young.

**Read the text again and choose the best answer for these questions**

5. What is the passage mainly about?

* + 1. The reasons why Malaysia has the highest literacy rate in South-East Asia.
		2. The benefits of reading and ways to encourage reading in Malaysia.
		3. The importance of reading to Malaysians and their reading culture.
		4. The difference in reading culture between Malaysia and other countries.

6. The word ‘**inculcated’** in the paragraph means:

1. ordered
2. learned
3. taught
4. told

B. The historic summit between the United States and North Korea will take place next month in Singapore, about 5,000 kilometers south of the North Korean capital, Pyongyang. Some reasons the tiny city-state was chosen as the site.

**Security:**

Singapore is well-known for putting together top-level international gatherings at short notice. Since Singapore gained independence in 1965, it has become one of the safest countries in the world.

**Past experience:**

Singapore also hosted a historic meeting between Chinese President Xi Jinping and then-Taiwan President Ma Ying-jeou in November 2015. That meeting — the first between the leaders of the governments in Beijing and Taipei since the civil war ended seven decades earlier — was arranged secretly.

**Diplomatic ties:**

Singapore is a large trading partner with the U.S., the second-largest Asian investor, and a longtime supporter of its military presence in the Asia-Pacific region. It is also the regional headquarters of large U.S. companies including Google, Facebook and Airbnb.

Singapore is one of about four dozen countries in the world where North Korea has an embassy. North Korea's state-owned companies have, in the past, conducted legal and illegal business dealings with Singapore businesses. The city-state officially cut off trade relations with North Korea in 2017 to obey international **sanctions**.

1. Singapore has never held any top-level international gatherings at short notice before.

2. Since gaining independence, Singapore has become a dangerous place.

3. The United States is no longer the second-largest Asian investor.

4. North Korea only opens embassies in about 48 countries across the world.

**Read the text again and choose the best answer for these questions**

5. Topic of the text may be:

1. The historic meeting between the United States and North Korea.
2. The successful meetings Singapore has held so far.
3. The diplomatic ties between Singapore and the U.S..
4. The reasons why Singapore is a perfect place for US-North Korea meeting.

6. The word ‘**sanction’** in the paragraph means:

A. disagreement

B. prevention

C. law

D. approval

**VI. WORD FORMS (1.5 pts)**

1. Numerous items of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have been received on this subject. (CORRESPONDENT)
2. Her sudden \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ towards him was suspicious. (FRIEND)
3. Their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_were answered and the child was found safe and well. (PRAY)
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between the rich and the poor seem to grow ever wider. (DIVIDE)
5. There are no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on students to attend classes. (COMPEL)
6. Space [travel](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/travel) is one of the  [wonders](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/wonder) of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ [science](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/science).(MODERNIZE)
7. That was an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ [performance](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/vi/dictionary/english/performance) from such a [young](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/vi/dictionary/english/young) [tennis](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/vi/dictionary/english/tennis) [player](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/vi/dictionary/english/player). (IMPRESSION)
8. The [teams](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/team) are [playing](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/card) a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ [match](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/match) on [Sunday](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/sunday). (FRIEND)
9. I need a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ baby-sitter. (DEPEND)
10. They [proposed](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/propose) making [secondary](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/secondary) [education](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/education) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up to the [age](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/age) of 18. (COMPEL)
11. Much of the [house](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/house) has been \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (MODERN)
12. She [likes](https://www.macmillandictionary.com/dictionary/british/like_2) to [spend](https://www.macmillandictionary.com/dictionary/british/spend_1) time [\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_](https://www.macmillandictionary.com/dictionary/british/beautify) her [home](https://www.macmillandictionary.com/dictionary/british/home_1). (BEAUTY)
13. He [tried](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/tried) to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me with his [extensive](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/extensive) [knowledge](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/knowledge) of [wine](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/wine). (IMPRESSION)
14. Let us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the [victims](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/victim) of this [terrible](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/terrible) [disaster](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/disaster). (PRAYER)
15. The law can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fathers to make regular payments for their children. (COMPULSORY)
16. The scores of those students are always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ high. (IMPRESS)
17. He was back in her [arms](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/arms) and she could [once](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/once) again [sleep](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/sleep) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (PEACE)
18. The two departments work \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of each other. (DEPEND)
19. The evening passed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (ENJOY)
20. Their [house](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/house) is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ [decorated](https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/decorate). (BEAUTY)

**VII. WRITE (2.5 pts)**

**TRANSFORMATION**

1. Thousands of people have to build that castle for him for years.

🡪 That castle .......................................................................................................................

2. She doesn’t send me her recent photos.

🡪I wish .................................................................................................................................

3. He failed in the examination last year.

🡪 He did not ........................................................................................................................

4. I haven’t eaten this kind of food before.

🡪 This is the first ................................................................................................................

5. His parents made him study for his exam.

🡪 He was made ..................................................................................................................

6. I don’t really want to go to the museum.

🡪 I’d rather...........................................................................................................................

7. The fire has destroyed many houses.

🡪 Many houses ...................................................................................................................

8. May I borrow your pen?

🡪 Would you mind ...........................................................................................................?

9. I started to work for the company a year ago.

🡪 I’ve .................................................................................................................................

10. She didn’t say a word as she left the room.

🡪 She left .........................................................................................................................

11. I don’t find it difficult to get up early in the morning.

🡪 I am used to ………………………………………………….........................................

12. Robinson doesn’t find it easy to live alone on this island.

🡪 Robinson doesn’t …………………………..…………………………………………...

13. He always goes swimming after finishing his work.

* He is used to…………………………..…………………………………………………

14. My father used to play football when he was young.

🡪My father doesn’t ……………………………………………….............…...…………..

15. They used to make these vases by hand
🡪 These vases……………………………………………………………………………..

16. His father no longer goes fishing with him.
🡪 His father used to ………………………………………………………………………

17. Please keep quiet in the classroom
🡪 I’d rather you……................…………............................................................................

18. “Would you mind not smoking in here?”

🡪 I’d rather ……................………….............................................…...............................

19. Don’t tell anyone what I said.

🡪 I’d rather you ……................………….........................................…............................

20. It is high time we went home.
🡪 It is high time ………………………………………………………………………….

21. You really should be able to dress yourself by now
🡪 It’s high time …………………………………………………………………………..

22. It is high time for you to go to school.

🡪 It’s about ……………………………………………………………………………….

**REARRANGE:**

1. give robots/ themselves/ the job they can’t / Americans / want to do/ do or don’t

* Americans\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. robot-loving people/ The Japanese/ the most /in the world/ are probably

* The Japanese \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. very eager/ with robots/ In the USA, / are not/ to interact/ people

* In the USA, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. see their robots/ get emotional/ Japanese people/ as companions / that they can/ support from

* Japanese people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. at home when/ leave their phones/ that students should /Many people believe/ they go to school

* Many people believe \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. walking to or/ feels threatened, / call for help/ If a student is / from school and/ he or she can

* If a student is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. spend their time/that some students/ listening in class/ Teachers say/ texting instead of

* Teachers say \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. make rules for/ to use their phones/ students are allowed / Schools should/ when and where/

* Schools should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. advanced robot / is the/ in the world/ Asimo/ most technologically/

* Asimo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

10. get them/ their mobile phones/ to come and / Students use/ to call their parents

* Students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_